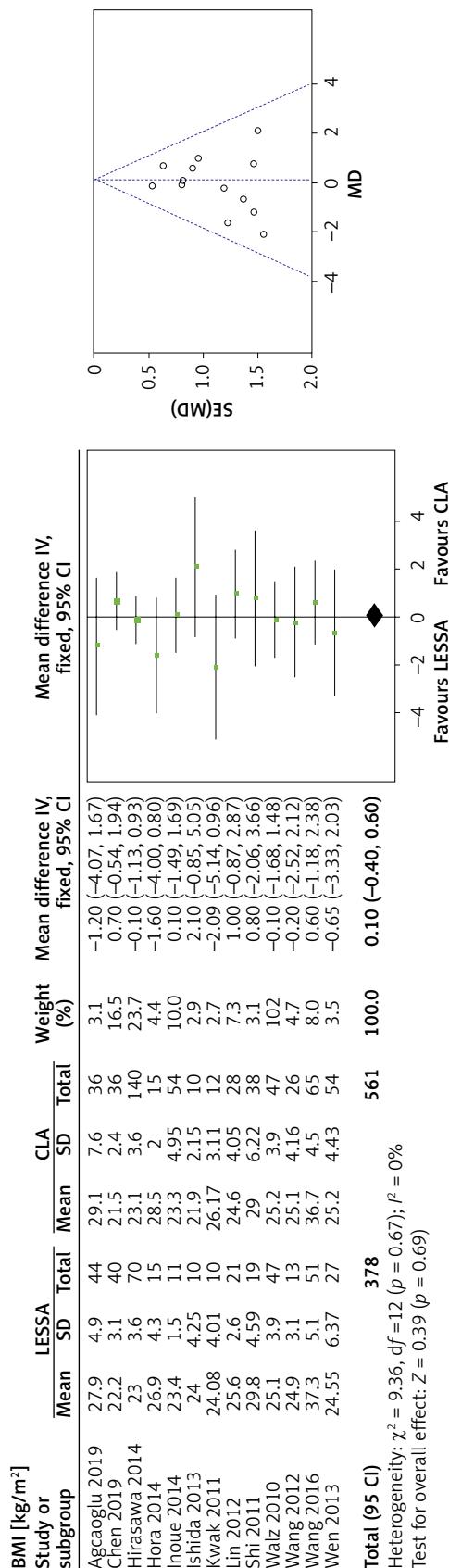


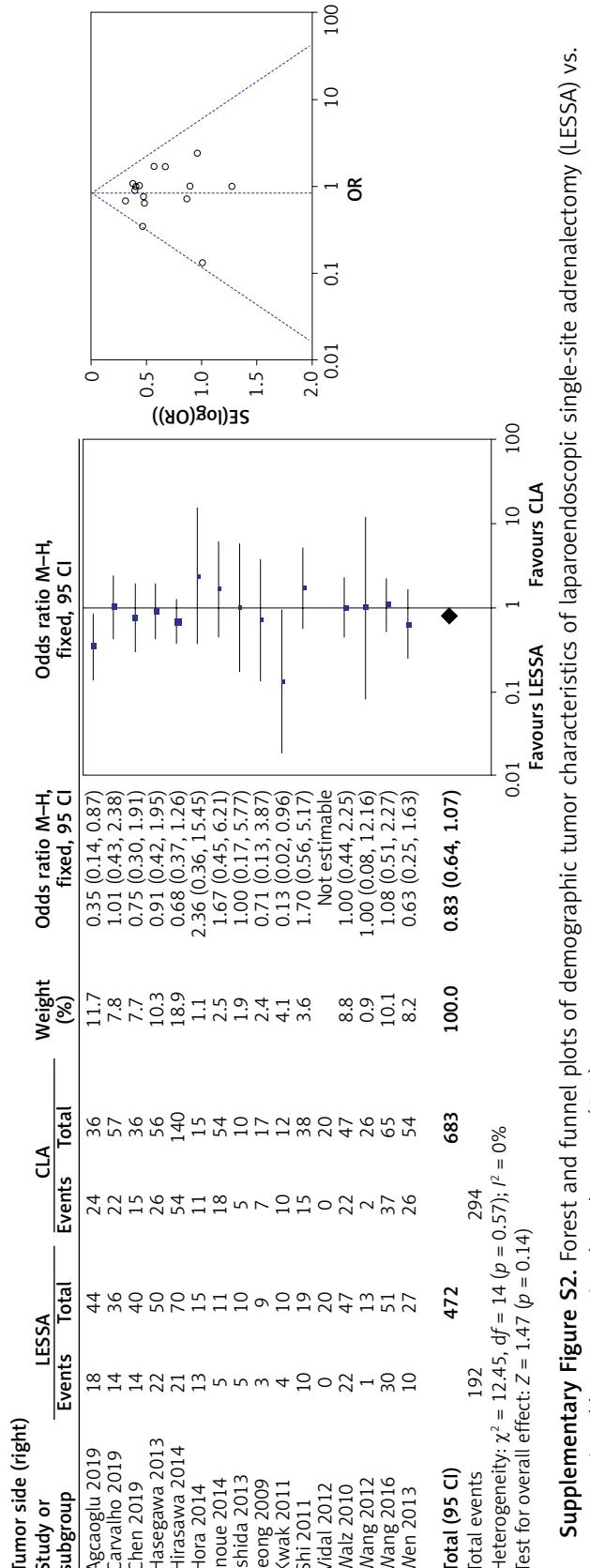
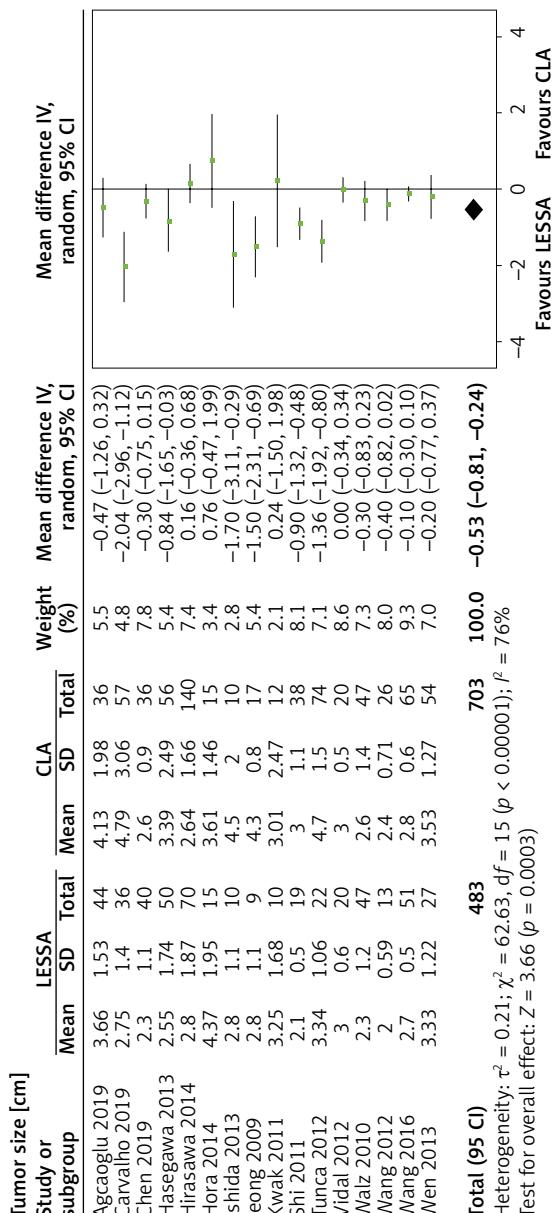
**Supplementary Figure S1.** Forest and funnel plots of demographic patient characteristics of laparoscopic single-site adrenalectomy (LESSA) vs. conventional laparoscopic adrenalectomy (CLA)

BMI – body mass index; SD – standard deviation; CI – confidence interval



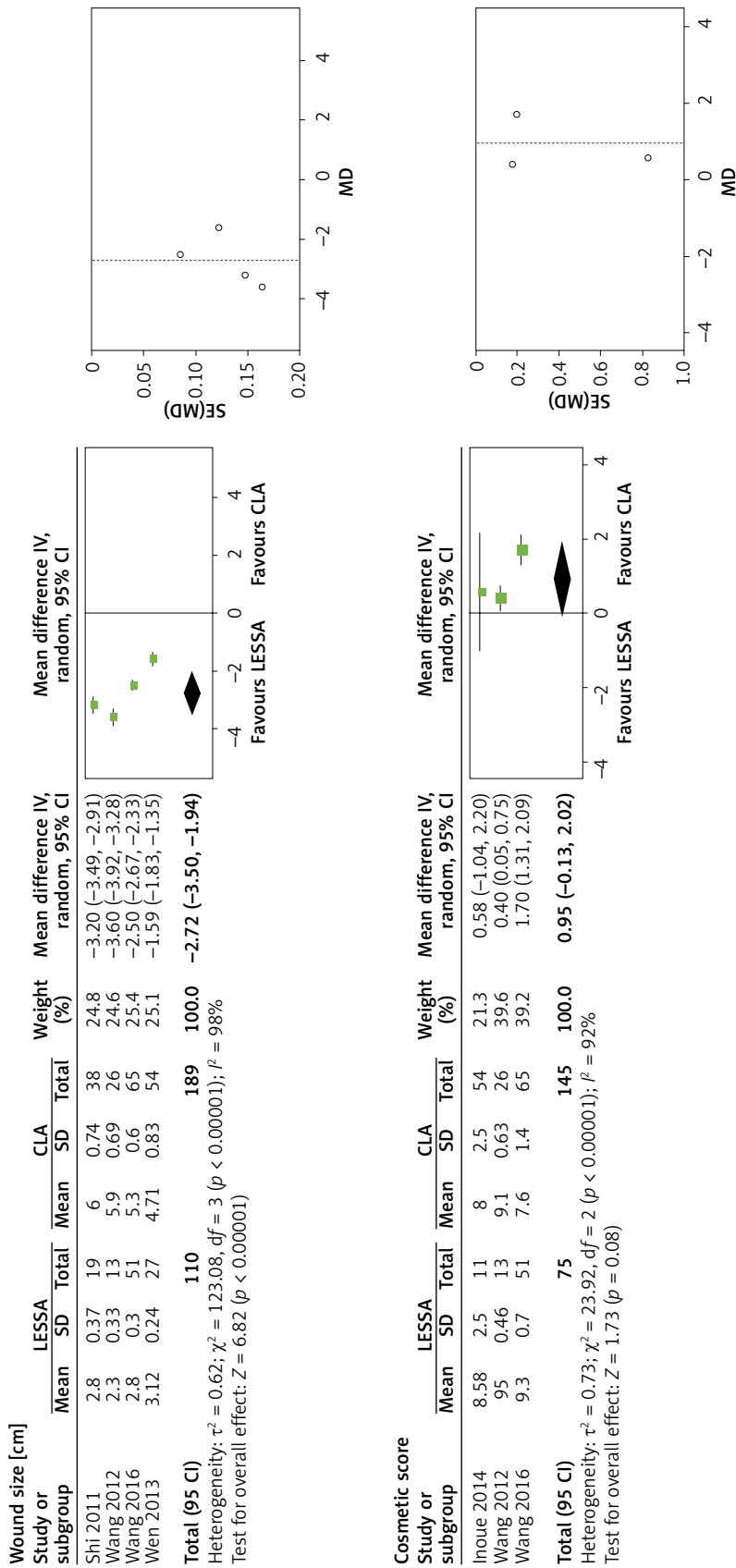
**Supplementary Figure S1.** Cont.

*BMI – body mass index, SD – standard deviation, CI – confidence interval*



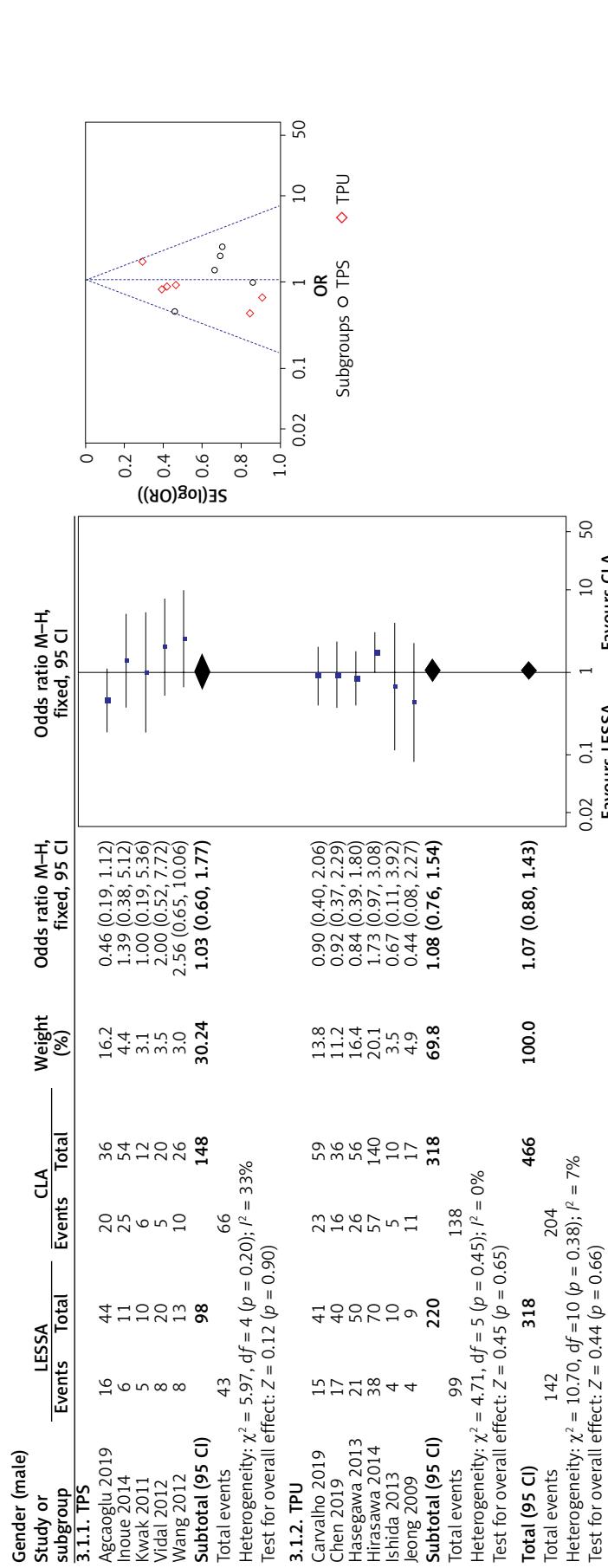
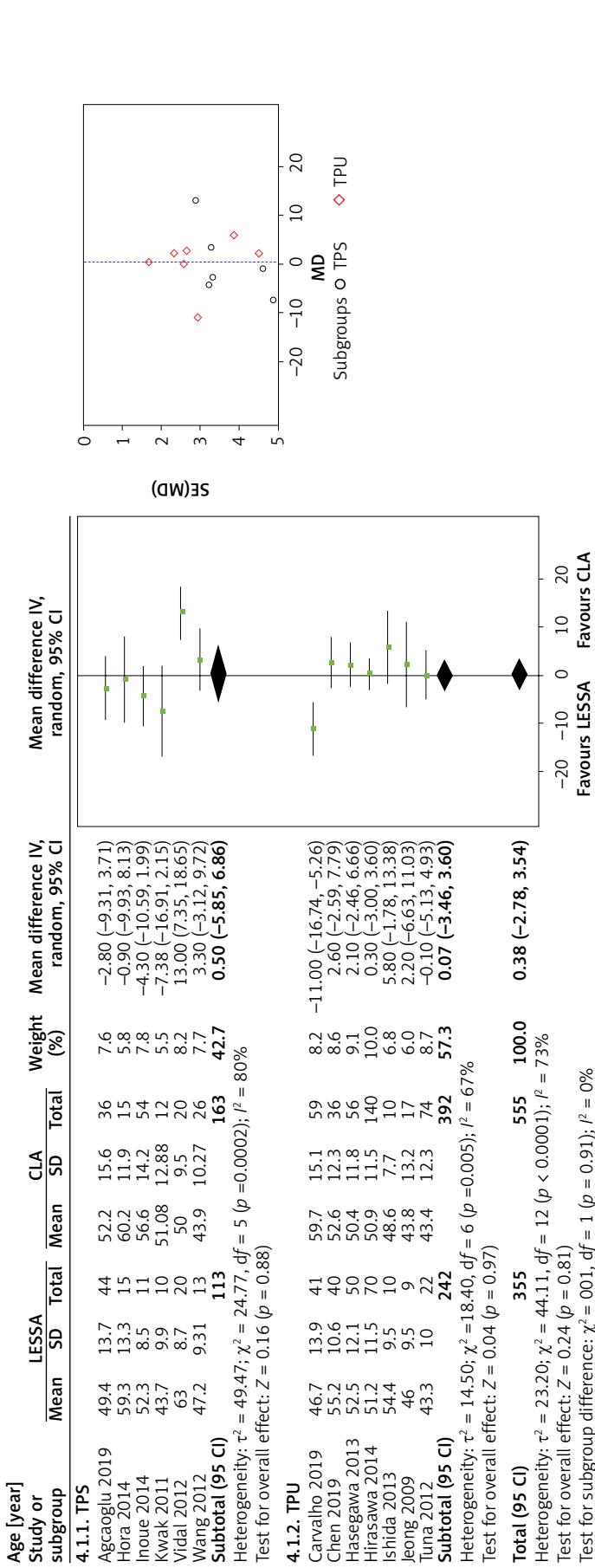
**Supplementary Figure S2.** Forest and funnel plots of demographic tumor characteristics of laparoscopic single-site adrenalectomy (LESSA) vs conventional laparoscopic adrenalectomy (CLA)

SD – standard deviation, CI – confidence interval

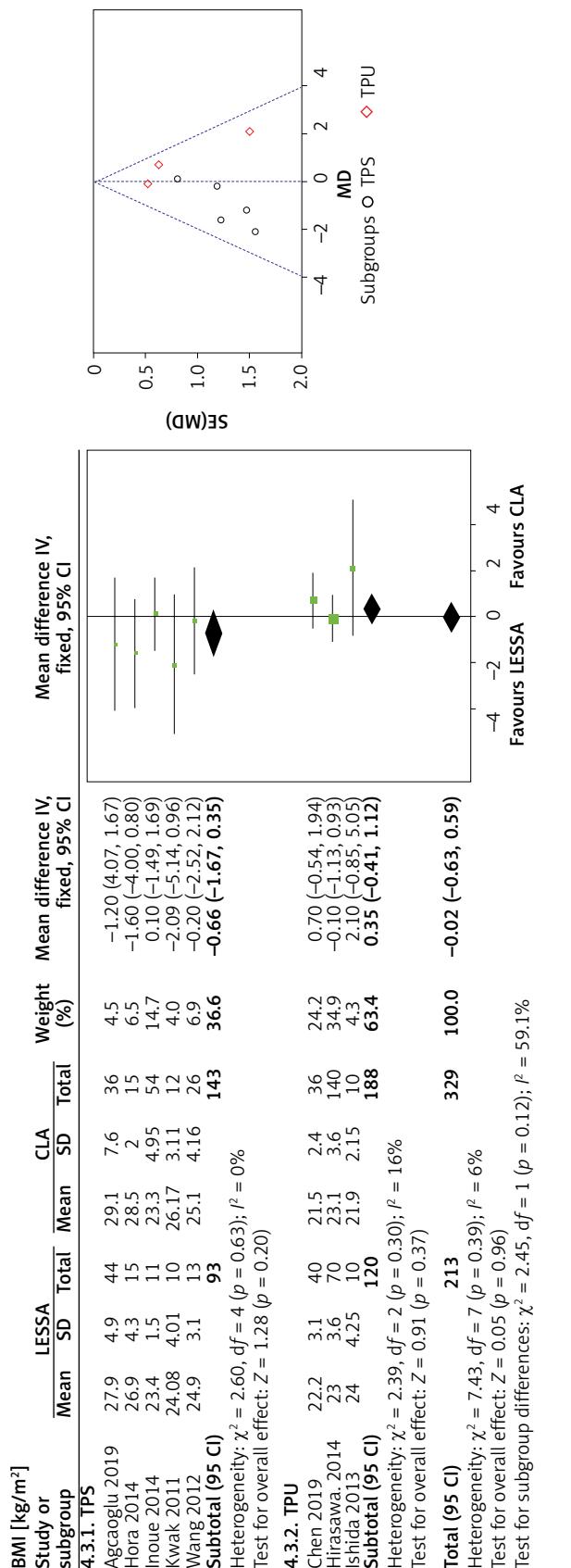


**Supplementary Figure S3.** Forest and funnel plots of cosmetic outcomes of laparoendoscopic single-site adrenalectomy (LESSA) vs. conventional laparoscopic adrenalectomy (CLA)

*SD – standard deviation, CI – confidence interval*



**Supplementary Figure 34.** Forest and funnel plots of demographic patient characteristics of laparoendoscopic single-site adrenalectomy (LESSA) vs. conventional laparoscopic adrenalectomy (CLA) via transperitoneal approach through subcostal incision, TPU – transperitoneal approach through umbilical incision, BMI – body mass index, SD – standard deviation, CI – confidence interval, TPS – transperitoneal approach through subcostal incision, OR – odds ratio, SE(log(OR)) – standard error of log odds ratio, MD – mean difference, SE(MD) – standard error of mean difference, Subgroups – study subgroups, TPS – transperitoneal approach through subcostal incision, TPU – transperitoneal approach through umbilical incision.



**Supplementary Figure 54.** Cont.

TPS – transperitoneal approach through subcostal incision, TPU – transperitoneal approach through umbilical incision, BMI – body mass index, SD – standard deviation, CI – confidence interval.

### Tumor size [cm]

### Study or subgroup

### 4.2.1. TPS

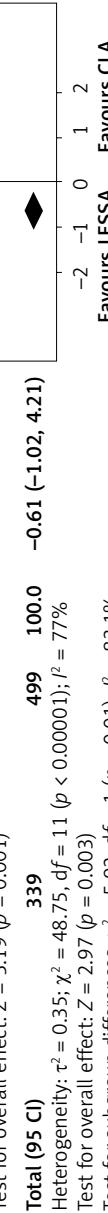
	LESSA	SD	Total	CLA	SD	Total	Weight (%)	Mean difference IV, random, 95% CI
Ageoglu 2019	3.66	1.53	44	4.13	1.98	36	8.4	-0.47 (-1.26, 0.32)
Hora 2014	4.37	1.95	15	3.61	1.46	15	5.7	0.76 (-0.47, 1.99)
Kwak 2011	3.25	1.68	10	3.01	2.47	12	3.7	0.24 (-1.50, 1.98)
Vidal 2012	3	0.6	20	3	0.5	20	11.3	0.00 (-0.34, 0.34)
Wang 2012	2	0.59	13	2.4	0.71	26	10.9	-0.40 (-0.82, 0.02)
<b>Subtotal (95 CI)</b>	<b>102</b>			<b>109</b>			<b>40.1</b>	<b>-0.15 (-0.45, 0.16)</b>
Heterogeneity: $\chi^2 = 0.03$ ; $\nu = 5.01$ , $df = 4$ ( $p = 0.29$ ); $I^2 = 20\%$								
Test for overall effect: $Z = 0.94$ ( $p = 0.35$ )								

### 4.2.2. TPU

	LESSA	SD	Total	CLA	SD	Total	Weight (%)	Mean difference IV, random, 95% CI
Carvalho 2019	2.75	1.4	36	4.79	3.06	57	7.6	-2.04 (-2.98, -1.12)
Chen 2019	2.3	1.1	40	0.9	3.6	10.7	-0.30 (-0.75, 0.15)	
Hasegawa 2013	2.55	1.74	50	3.39	2.49	56	8.2	-0.84 (-1.65, -0.03)
Hirasawa 2014	2.8	1.87	70	2.64	1.66	140	10.3	0.16 (-0.38, 0.68)
Ishida 2013	2.8	1.1	10	4.5	2	10	4.9	-1.70 (-3.11, -0.29)
Jeong 2009	2.8	1.1	9	4.3	0.8	17	8.2	-1.50 (-2.31, -0.69)
June 2012	3.34	1.06	22	4.7	1.5	74	10.0	-1.36 (-1.92, -0.80)
<b>Subtotal (95 CI)</b>	<b>237</b>			<b>390</b>			<b>59.9</b>	<b>-1.00 (-1.61, -0.39)</b>
Heterogeneity: $\tau^2 = 0.53$ ; $\chi^2 = 32.92$ , $df = 6$ ( $p < 0.00001$ ); $I^2 = 82\%$								
Test for overall effect: $Z = 3.19$ ( $p = 0.001$ )								
<b>Total (95 CI)</b>	<b>339</b>			<b>499</b>			<b>100.0</b>	<b>-0.61 (-1.02, 4.21)</b>
Heterogeneity: $\tau^2 = 0.35$ ; $\chi^2 = 48.75$ , $df = 11$ ( $p < 0.00001$ ); $I^2 = 77\%$								
Test for overall effect: $Z = 2.97$ ( $p = 0.003$ )								
Test for subgroup differences: $\chi^2 = 5.92$ , $df = 1$ ( $p = 0.01$ ); $I^2 = 83.1\%$								

Heterogeneity:  $\chi^2 = 8.13$ ,  $df = 4$  ( $p = 0.09$ );  $I^2 = 51\%$

Test for overall effect:  $Z = 1.62$  ( $p = 0.10$ )

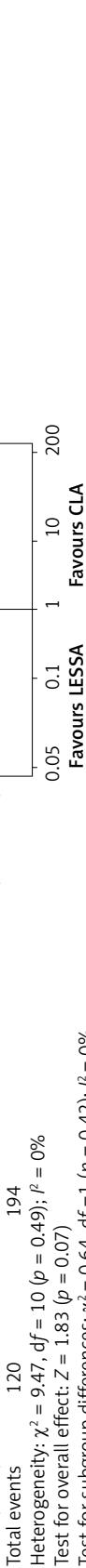
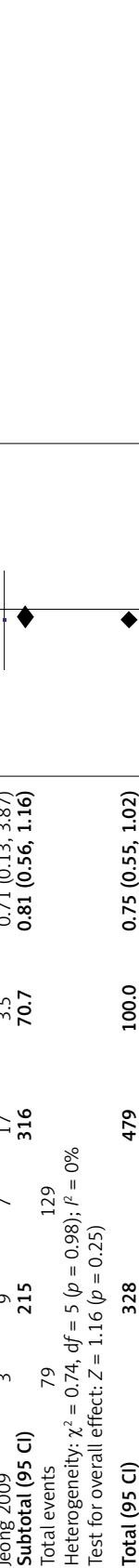


### 3.2.2. TPS

	LESSA	SD	Total	CLA	SD	Total	Weight (%)	Odds ratio M-H, fixed, 95% CI
Ageoglu 2019	18	44	24	36	16.9	57	11.3	0.35 (0.14, 0.87)
Hora 2014	13	15	11	15	1.6	36	2.36 (0.36, 15.45)	
Inoue 2014	5	11	18	54	3.6	54	1.67 (0.45, 6.21)	
Kwak 2011	4	10	10	12	5.9	12	0.13 (0.02, 0.96)	
Vidal 2012	0	20	0	20	Not estimable	20	Not estimable	
Wang 2012	1	13	2	26	1.3	26	1.00 (0.08, 12.16)	
<b>Subtotal (95 CI)</b>	<b>113</b>			<b>163</b>			<b>0.60 (0.33, 1.11)</b>	
Total events	41	65						
Heterogeneity: $\chi^2 = 8.13$ , $df = 4$ ( $p = 0.09$ ); $I^2 = 51\%$								
Test for overall effect: $Z = 1.62$ ( $p = 0.10$ )								

### 3.2.3. TPU

	LESSA	SD	Total	CLA	SD	Total	Weight (%)	Odds ratio M-H, fixed, 95% CI
Carvalho 2019	14	36	22	57	11.3	11.1	1.01 (0.43, 2.38)	
Chen 2019	14	40	15	36	11.1	0.75 (0.30, 1.91)		
Hasegawa 2013	22	50	26	56	14.9	0.91 (0.42, 1.95)		
Hirasawa 2014	21	70	54	140	27.3	0.68 (0.37, 1.26)		
Ishida 2013	5	10	5	10	2.7	1.00 (0.17, 5.77)		
Jeong 2009	3	9	7	17	3.5	0.71 (0.13, 3.87)		
<b>Subtotal (95 CI)</b>	<b>215</b>			<b>316</b>			<b>0.81 (0.56, 1.16)</b>	
Total events	79	129						
Heterogeneity: $\chi^2 = 0.74$ , $df = 5$ ( $p = 0.98$ ); $I^2 = 0\%$								
Test for overall effect: $Z = 1.16$ ( $p = 0.25$ )								
<b>Total (95 CI)</b>	<b>328</b>			<b>479</b>			<b>0.75 (0.55, 1.02)</b>	
Total events	120	194						
Heterogeneity: $\chi^2 = 9.47$ , $df = 10$ ( $p = 0.49$ ); $I^2 = 0\%$								
Test for overall effect: $Z = 1.83$ ( $p = 0.07$ )								
Test for subgroup differences: $\chi^2 = 0.64$ , $df = 1$ ( $p = 0.42$ ); $I^2 = 0\%$								



**Supplementary Figure S5.** Forest and funnel plots of demographic tumor characteristics of laparoscopic single-site adrenalectomy (LESSA) vs. conventional laparoscopic adrenalectomy (CLA) via transperitoneal approach – transperitoneal approach through umbilical incision, TPU – transperitoneal approach through subcostal incision, OR – odds ratio, SE – standard error, CI – confidence interval